

Tikrit University

Biology

Second Year

English Language

A. T. Rifqa Sami Salih

## Past Continuous: **زمن الماضي المستمر**

### 1. حالة المثبت: Affirmative

\*S. دلائل + تكلمة الجملة + فعل (ing) V. + فاعل S.  
(جمع / مفرد)

Ex: The boy **was buying** a new jacket.

Ex: Hala cleaned the room. (**Past Continuous**)

-Hala **was cleaning** the room.

### 2. حالة السؤال: Question

\*Was/ Were + S. فاعل + V. (ing) فعل + تكلمة الجملة +  
(she/ he/ it/ I), (they/ we/ you)

Ex: **Was** the cat **eating** meat?

Ex: We sit in the garden. (**question**)

-**Were** we **sitting** in the garden?

**\*قطعة خارجية مع الترجمة:**

My brother and his friend don't like going out at night, because they are afraid of ghost. One night when they were coming back home from a cinema, all the streets lights, suddenly went out. Everything became in a deep quite darkness. They heard something like a whisper. They held each other tightly and shouted out loudly "who there?" then suddenly, two policemen appeared from behind a tree. They explained that they had been hiding in order to catch a thief.

اخي وصديقه لا يحبون الخروج ليلا لأنهم يخافون من الاشباح. ذات ليلة وهم عائدون من السينما الى البيت, انطفأت جميع اضواء الشوارع فجأة. اصبح كل شيء في ظلام دامس. سمعوا شيئا مثل الهمس. مسكوا واحدا الاخر بقوة وصرخوا بصوت عال من هناك؟ ثم فجأة ظهر رجلان من الشرطة من خلف شجرة وشرحا انهما كانا يختبئان للقبض على لص.

**\*The passage's questions:**

1. My brother and sister don't like going out at day **(True/ False)**.
2. They are afraid of \_\_\_\_\_ **(dogs, bats, ghosts)**.
3. All the streets' lights suddenly, turn on **(True/ False)**.
4. How many policemen came out from behind a tree \_\_\_\_\_ **(three, two, four)**.
5. The policemen were hiding in order to catch a burglar **(True/ False)**.

Tikrit University

Biology

Second Year

English Language

A. T. Rifqa Sami Salih

## ادوات النكرة والمعرفة a, an, the

/a/ تستخدم مع الكلمات او الاسماء المفردة التي تبءء ب consonant أي بحرف صحيح مثل :

Ex: **a** book , **a** pen , **a** cow, **a** door , **a** dog.

/an/ تستخدم مع الاسماء المفردة التي تبءء ب vowel sounds أي بحرف علة مثل :

Ex: **an** apple , **an** egg , **an** orange , **an** umbrella.

**ملاحظة/** يرجى الانتباه هناك شواذ تبءء بحرف علة او صحيح لكن نضيف لها العكس مثل:

Ex: **an** hour , **a** university.

/the/ تستخدم مع الاسماء المعرفة المذكورة سابقا او الشائعة سواء كانت مفرد او جمع مثل :

Ex: **the** writer , **the** moon , **the** woman , **the** field , **the** letter.

### **\*Exercise:**

1.    dog is    animal .
2. What is    longest river in the world.
3.    chair is made of wood.

Tikrit University

Biology

Second Year

English Language

A. T. Rifqa Sami Salih

---

4. Why don't we go to \_\_\_\_ cinema.
5. \_\_\_ avocado grows on \_\_ tree.
6. There are no batteries in \_\_\_\_radio.
7. Ann was singing \_\_ song.
8. \_\_\_\_ earth goes round \_\_\_\_ sun.
9. \_\_\_ ball is \_\_ toy.
10. Please wait at \_\_\_\_\_ station.

ملاحظة/ لا تستخدم the مع الدول لكن نستطيع استخدامها مع اختصارات الدول مثل :

Ex: the **UAE**, the **KSA**, the **USA**, the **UK**.

**Q/ Change these sentences into singular ones:**

1. Roses are beautiful flowers.

-

2. Novels are books.

-

3. Postmen wear caps.

-

4. Balls are toys.

-

5. Cities are big towns

-

6. Girls wear dresses.

-